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## MR. REED'S HEAVY TASK.

CAN HE KEEP THE ARMY OF RE-PUBLICAN CONGRESSMEN IN LINE?

The House, as a Western Member Expressed It, "Will Simply Beck with Republicanism"-Nineteen States Without a Democratic Representative-Mutterings of Discontent Airendy Heard Over the Results of the Caneus Which Did the Work That a Combine Cut Out

for It More than Nine Months Age, WASHINGTON, Dec. 1 .- There will be 356 members of the House of Representatives to be called to order to-morrow by the newly elected Speaker, Thomas B. Reed. The extent of the overwhelming Republican victory at the Congress elections of 1894 can be most fully realized by the knowledge that of the total number of Repesentatives, 244 are Republicans, 105 Demolast named is Mr. Newlands of Nevada, a very wealthy man, who, like his colleagues in the tenate, Mesers, Stewart and Jones, became a Silverite because silver is the only issue in Nevada and because they did not like the name of Populist. The vast majority which the Republicans will have in the incoming House is still more clearly shown in its geographical distribution. As a Western member said the other day: "Reed's House will simply reek with

This expresses the condition of things exactly, because not only is there a great Republican majority in the aggregate, but in a very large number of States, there is not a Democrat in the entire membership. Indeed, it is a fact that a straight line can be drawn from Ohio west to the Pacific Ocean without going through a State which has a Democratic representative.
Moreover, the largest States in the Union have such a small percentage of Democratic members as to reduce their influence to nothing. There are actually nineteen States, with an aggregate membership of eighty-nine, without a Democrat in the list. These are the States of Connecticut. Deiaware, Idaho, Indiana, Iowa, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, New Hampshire, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oregon. Rhode Island, South Dakota, Wyoming, Washington, West Virginia, and Wisconsin.

There are in addition nine great States with an aggregate Democratic representation of only 17. New York, with its 34 representatives, has only ocrats, and all of them from the city of New York. In Pennsylvania, which has 4 delegates-at-large and 26 district representatives, there are 2 Democrats in the whole number. Ohio has 2 Democrats out of a total representation of 21; Massachusetts 1 Democrat out of 12; Illinois 2 Democrats out of 20; California 1 Democrat out of 7. The 7 representatives from Kan-sas would all have been Republicans but for the fact that 1 Populist slipped in unobserved. In Nebraska, also, there is 1 Populist in the total membership of 6, the other 5 being Republicans. One of Colorado's 2 representatives is set down as a Populist, but perhaps he should more properly be classed with Mr. Newlands as

It is interesting to note that in this tangle of Republicans there are only six States with solid Democratic delegations, and all of these States are far below Mason and Dixon's line. The aggregate of their representation is 31, and the six States that thus remain true to Democracy are Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, and South Carolina. Alabama, with its 9 Representatives, and Texas, with its 13, would also have had the honor of being set down in the solid Democratic column, but for the fact that one Populist was elected in each. In Virginia the Republicans had high hopes of electing enough of their number to make their mafority over the Democrats in the House an even 250, but they only succeeded in electing one out of a total membership of 10.

Tom Reed's task of managing this great army of Republicans will not be an easy one, and he would undoubtedly much prefer to have seen a few more Democrats elected here and there, just to help him keep his followers in line and find satisfactory committee assignments for 244 publicans than for 176, which was the num-Bepublicans than for 170, which was the number he was called upon to dispose of at the opening of the Fifty-first Congress. But Mr. Reed is a very clever man, and perhaps he can find holes enough somewhere for his 244 pegs, so that they will stick until he has mapped out and bassed the legislation that will be depended apon to land him in the Presidential campaign if 1896 as the nominee of the Republican party. When ex-Speaker Crisp was asked a few days ago whether he thought the incoming Republican Congress would be able to work harmoniously and present a plan of currency reform and other necessary general legislation, he replied that it seemed to him impossible. He added that all he could see in the immediate future for Speaker Reed and his big Republican majority in the House was trouble. Judge Crisp predicted that they would split at the first attempt to come together, and the result of last night's caucus seems to indicate that he is right. The mutterings of the coming storm are already heard. When the Republicans left the Capitol at an early hour this morning, after the all-night caucus, whose work was cut out for it more than nine months ago by a "combine," generally supposed to have been organized and manipulated by Senator Quay, there were many remarks made not altogether complimentary to those whose votes made the "combine" a success.

"This is mistake No. 1." remarked Representative Crant of Vernous one of the oldest ber he was called upon to dispose of at the oper

combine," generally supposed to have been organised and manipulated by Senator Quay, there were many remarks made not altogether complimentary to those whose votes made the "combine" a success.

"This is mistake No. 1." remarked Representative Grant of Vermont, one of the cidest and most conservative members of the House, as he rode bomeward, when it was evident that the blind preacher from Michigan would be selected to look after the spiritual welfare of the House, the majority of whom are closely associated with Speaker Reed, antagonized the "combine," because they believed it was unwise from a political standpoint to bestow upon the Fastern States the Speakership, Clerk, and Doorkeeper. They declared that it would be wisdom to give some substantial recognition to the Southern States in making up Speaker Reed's official staff.

"In all seriousness," continued Mr. Grout, "I think it would have been better for us if we had given one of the offices in question to the South, for they need and expected some encouragement in return for the gallant fight they have been making during the past few years. By thus ignoring them we give the Democrats an opportunity to taunt them and say to them: "When the Democrats are in power the Democrats and permitted to enjoy some of the fruits of victory, but when the Republicans return to power they forget all about their Republican friends in the South and gash them aside with the remark that practical results and not sentiment and sympathy control their actions." This is all very discouraging to a large class of Southern men who recently came to the Republican friends in the South and gash them aside with the remark that practical results and not sentiment and sympathy control their actions." This is all very discouraging to a large class of Southern men who recently came to the Republican friends of the counts the Fouthern bemocrats level at their brethren, who are wavering on the threshold of the Republican household."

The views of Mr. Grout were shared by many of the members

The fact that nearly all of the intimate friends The fact that nearly all of the intimate friends of "the Speaker" were against the "combine" occasioned much comment and forebodings of trouble. One of the campaign pleas made by the "combine" which had a good effect upon many of the new members was that the old members would gobble up all of the desirable committee places and there would be nothing but the patronage connected with the House offices left to contend for. That was a seductive argument, and it won many votes for the "combine."

bine."
The colored brethren have as much to compain of in the results of the caucus as the southern bruthren. A determined and concerted effort was made by the colored Republicans of all the blates to have one of their number chosen as chankin, and the Rev. Walter Brooks of this city, a well-beloved divine of great distinction in his race, was selected as the choice of all creeds and all factions of the colored Republicans. But notwith-tanding the greating

of the Republican party for the negro race, the MISS SEYMOUR WAKES UP.

of the Republican party for the negro race, the Rev. Mr. Hrooks received only two votes in the caucus.

One of the most pathetic incidents of the caucus occurred just before adjournment. The final ballot for the chaplaincy was being taken when old Gen. Henderson, the defeated candidate for the Clerkship, entered the lobby back of the Spoaker's deek, accompanied by Col. Tipton of Tennessee, who was the unsuccessfif candidate for the doorkeepership, and several faithful friends. Gen. Henderson showed that he felt his defeat keenly, and as he pressed forward to take a peep into the House where the members were assembled, the crowd around the glass door involuntarily fell back and allowed him to come close to the door. All present realized that he was filled with emotion as he peered into the chamber through the glass door and recalled the fact that for twenty years he had sat in that hall as an honored member of the Republican forces and for many years the presiding officer of the caucus organization. There he stood, apparently forgotten and alone, like any other outsider whose expectations had been blasted by the turn in the political tide. Those about him bestowed upon him looks of sympathy, but they were too considerate to mention a subject that had for him but few pleasant recollections. To many of Gen. Henderson's friends his action in declining to accept the office of Sergeant-at-Arms offered to him by the "combine" is inexplicable. The salnry of the office is as great as that of the Clerkship, and the duties are as honorable and as light. But he refused all overtures and went down fighting for the cause in which he first enlisted.

It has just leaked out that more than an hour was consumed in the cause in which he first enlisted.

as light. But he released all overtures and went down fighting for the cause in which he first enlisted.

It has just leaked out that more than an hour was consumed in the caucus in a discussion of the important question of employing six additional pages and four additional full-grown messengers for service on the floor of the chamber. The proposition was made by the supporters of the "combine," who undoubtedly already find themselves unable to make good all their promises of patronage. Representative Cannon, who led Gen. Henderson's unsuccessful campaign for the Clerkship, and who is himself a candidate for the Chairmanship of the Committee on Appropriations, attacked the proposition on the ground of the great necessity of economy from the start of the Republican Congress. "Uncle Joe," was not in very good humor after his defeat, and created considerable feeling by his rasping remarks. The "combine" claimed that the extra pages were made necessary by the new plan of calling pages by electric belis instead of handclapping, but were compelled to yield their point. The additional messengers, however, were authorized. This incident is the forerunner of the factional split brought about by the contest for the House offices, which the forerunner of the factional split brought about by the contest for the House offices, which the

THE NEW CONGRESS MEETS TO-DAY. Programme for the First Day of the First

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1 .- The Fifty-fourth Congress will convene to-morrow at 12 o'clock in first regular session. In the Senate the twentynine members whose terms begin with this Congress, to whose admission no objection is made, will be sworn in. The list includes sixteen new members of the body. The creden-Delaware to succeed Mr. Higgins, will, according to present arrangement, be referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, and pending investigation and report he will not

After the adjournment of the Senate the caucus of Republican Senators will be held. It is given out to-night that the meeting will be nore of a general conference than a caucus. A nomination for President of the Senate pro tem. nomination for President of the Senate pro tem.
may be agreed upon, and committee vacancies
will be discussed. The elective officers will also
be considered, but no action on these matters
is expected for several days at least.

There are several candidates for the two elective offices of the Senate. The most prominent
one for Secretary is the Hon. George C. Gorham
of California, who held the office for twelve
years.

of California, who held the office for twelve years.

The first day in the House will be exhausted by the routine of organization. First the 35d members and four delegates will have to be sworn in, the roll being called by the Clerk of the old House, the Ho. James Kerr. Then will come the election of Speaker and the subordinate officers. In the hurry and confusion of reporting the Republican caucus, which was held behind closed doors, the vote upon the election of a clerk of the caucus was reversed last night. Mr. W. B. Hooker of New York was chosen, not Mr. Ellis of Oregon, his competitor.

A roll call will probably be had upon the election of Speaker, but the other officers, it is expected, will be named together in a resolution, and the resolution adopted viva voce. The usual motions to notify the Senate and to appoint a committee to inform the President will follow, and then, if there be time remaining, the blennial lottery known as the drawing of seats will take place.

An adjourned Demogratic caucus will be held

An adjourned Democratic caucus will be held on Monday afternoon, to select the persons to be appointed to the several minor places allotted to them in the organization of the House.

# APPRAISER BUNN'S OVERCOAT.

a Thief on His Escape. Walter H. Bunn, the Appraiser of the Port. ives in a big house at 902 President street, on the Park slope, Brooklyn. On Saturday night ment door while he and his family were at diner and got off with his \$50 overcoat.

An unusual feature of the robbery is that the thief was observed as he was entering the house, and an active search was in progress for him

while he was making his escape. When the family took their seats at the dinner table the door leading from the dining oom, which is in the basement, to the hallway was left open a few inches. A member of the family who sat at table directly opposite the door noticed a shadow flitting quickly past the opening and declared that she had seen some one in the hall. The others, however, all seemed to think that she was mistaken, and no more attention was paid to the incident until dinner was over. Then the basement door was found open.

open.
Mr. Bunn and his two sons now became alarmed, and, after locking the basement door, they proceeded to make a hurried search through the house. Starting from the cellar, they went from room to room. They found that nothing had been disturbed and saw no trace of a marauder anywhere. As they were going up stairs they had noticed that the three overcoats on the hat rack in the hall were in their places.

going up stairs the part rack in the hall were in their places.

While the Appraiser and his sons were still exploring on the top floor they heard loud footsteps scurrying through the hall below, followed by the opening of the front door and its closing with a hang. They hurried down stairs, opened the door, but only caught a faint glimpse of the retreating robber as he was in rapid flight in the direction of the Park. Mr. Bunn found on his return to the house that one of the overcoats, the best of the three, and his own had also disappeared from the batrack.

There is a little pantry at the end of the hall on the parlor floor, and it is supposed that the thisf was secreted there while the scarch for him was going on up stairs. The Appraiser's coat is of black chinchills.

# RUSSIA MAY EXHIBIT HERE.

onsul-General Clarovsky's Plan to Widen

Her Market. Alexander Olarovsky, the Russian Consul-General in this city, has presented to his Gov-ernment a plan for an exhibition of Russian nanufactures and natural products, to be held here as soon as the arrangements can be com-pleted. Mr. Olarovsky thinks that by making the American public better acquainted with the productions of Russia, a much larger trade between the countries can be built up, and the Ministers of Finance and Commerce are said to take the same view. The exhibition, if it is decided on, will be an enlargement of one that Mr. Olarovsky has had in his office for some months.

months.

Mr. Olarovsky's proposition to his Government has just reached St. Petersburg, and no reply has been received. There is little doubt, however, that the exhibition will be held. There will be samples of the agricultural and mineral products of the Carr's dominion, and of the articles manufactured by the Russians that it is thought can be marketed in the United States.

# REAR ADMIRAL CARPENTER.

He Comes from Asia to See His Wife, Who In Very III.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1 .- Rear Admiral C. C. Carpenter, late Commander of the Asiastic quadron, has arrived on the steamship Gaelle, squarron, has arrived on the steemship Gaelic, He is hastening to the bedside of his wife, who is very ill at Fortsmouth, N. H. The Admiral was to retire from the navy in February, as he will be 64 years of age. On account of the illness of his wife he asked for an immediate release, which has been granted. He has been relieved by Commodore McLain.

Flint's Fine Furniture. A novel display of useful holiday gifts. Select now or next choice. 45 West and st. - 140.

HER SLEEP LASTED 55 HOURS-AT-TRIBUTED TO HYSTERIA.

burch Work Among the Poor Had Worn Her Out, and She Had Been Living on Her Nerves and Enting Atmost Nothing.

Miss Jessie Seymour, the young woman from Elizabeth, N. J., who came to New York to spend Thankegiving, went to sleep after dinner, and scared her friends almost into fits by iefusing to wake up, came to her senses at 2 o'clock vesterday morning, having been asleep fifty-five hours. Yesterday she was apparently in as good health as ever. Hysteria was what aused her long sleep.

Miss Seymour is a very charitable young woman, and is very religious. She devotes a great deal of her time to work among the very poor in Elizabeth, and the troubles of these people she has made her own. She has not been in robust health for some time, and it is thought that worry over the troubles of the poor brought about the hysteria.

Mrs. Hielfriger, who lives in Riverview Terrace. Powell place, in the annexed district, is an aunt of Miss Seymour. The Misses Jennie and Alice Wyley, who live at 1,741 Sedgwick avenue, are friends. They invited her to come to New York and spend Thanksgiving with them. Then she proposed visiting her aunt. She was in the best of spirits when she arrived at the Wyley house on Wednesday evening. So she was all day Thursday. The Wyleys had a late dinner, and a little while later Miss Seymour said she felt a little tired and would lie down for a while. She went up stairs and lay down on one of the beds.

She was not disturbed for two hours. Then the other young women went to wake her so that she might not lose the fun of the evening n the family circle. They called her at first She made no response. They went to her and shook her. She was like a dead person. All the shaking did no good. The other members of the amily were called, and each had a suggestion ramily were called, and each had a suggestion as to what ought to be done. Her ears were rubbed, her face was slapped, water was sprinkled on her. Every suggestion made was tried. As method after method falled to arouse her the Wyleys became frightened, and when everything had been done they telegraphed to Elizabeth to her mother and sent for Dr. James Ferguson, the family doctor, who lives in High Bridge.

Bridge.

The Doctor got there before the mother. He examined the young woman, and saw what was the matter. There was nothing to do but to let her sleep until she awoke of her own will. He prescribed, just for the benefit of the friends, who were frightened. When Mrs. Seymour arrived, she wanted her daughter removed to Mrs. Hielfriger's house. The Doctor came again. He said it could be done without any danger. The girl had been asleep then almost a day, and it was necessary that she should have some nourishment, so liquid food was prepared for her, and was put into her mouth. She swallowed it, but remained unconscious. On Friday evening one of the ambulances belonging to the Fordham Hospital was sent for. Dr. Scott was the surceon in charge. The young woman had been asleep there an unusually long time even for one who was suffering from hysteria, and the case was an interesting one. The Doctor made a long examination and tried a number of ways to wake her. He had no better success than the Wyleys had had. Finally she was put in the ambulance and taken to the aunt's house, where she was put to bed. She was watched from that time continuously until she woke up. At regular intervals food was given to her. She never moved in her sleep. Her muscles were relaxed, not rigid. On the Doctor's orders no one was permitted to see her except her mother. A great many friends who had heard of her trouble The Doctor got there before the mother. He

in her sleep. Her muscles were relaxed, not rigid. On the Doctor's orders no one was permitted to see her except her mother. A great many friends who had heard of her trouble called at the house yesterday, but none of them was admitted to her room.

It was just before 2 o'clock yesterday morning when Mirs. Seymour was sitting beside the bed, that the young woman moved. Her mother spokedto her, but there was no response. The girl's eyes were closed. The mother spoke again. This time the young woman moved uneasily in the bed. A moment later she rubbed her cycs and then opened them, and then she spoke. Mrs. Seymour was overjoyed, but she was afraid to ask any questions or do anything that might alarm her daughter. The Doctor was sent for again. When he came he asked Miss Seymour if she knew what day it was. She said it was Wesinesday, she thought. He asked if she knew she had been asleep a long while. She knew she had been asleep, but that was all. She hadn't any idea how long. The Doctor prescribed for her and left her in fine health and spirits. He renewed his instructions that no one not in the family should be permitted to see her.

There were a great many caliers at the house

There were a great many callers at the house yesterday. Most of them saw Mrs. Hielfriger or young Mr. Seymour, a brother of the young woman, who had came from Elizabeth. Mrs. Heilfriger said that during the day Miss Seymour had talked considerably. She remembered perfectly the Thanksgiving dinner, but she remembered nothing at all after that. She did not remember where she went to sisep, and so far as she could remember she hadn't had any dreams. But she had a vague recollection that one or twice she had heard people around her, and had feit that something was wrong; that was all.

She will probably stay at Mrs. Hielfriger's two or three days yet, and will then go home with her mother. Mrs. Seymour said that her dauchter had been overworked mainly in "self-imposed religious work." She also said that a favorite brother had died about a year ago, and she had one attack of sleep before a couple of months ago, but on that occasion it had lasted only an hour or so, and it was thought that she was merely in a faint.

Cases of hysteria where sleep lasts twenty-four hours are not uncommon, but instances where it lasts as long as in this case, the doctors say, are rare.

ELIZABETH, Dec. 1.—Miss Jessie Seymour, who

four hours are not uncommon, but instances where it lasts as long as in this case, the doctors say, are rare.

ELIZABETH, Dec. 1.—Miss Jessie Seymour, who is at the home of her aunt. Is the daughter of Thomas H. Seymour of 816 South street, this city. She had been ill for several days and was advised not to leave her home on Wednesday, but persisted in keeping her promise to spend Thanksgiving Day with her friends. She is one of the most active members of St. James's M. E. Church and is an earnest worker in a number of the missionary societies. She is also a teacher in the Sunday school.

Once, in 1889, she was overcome by the heat while attending Sunday school and became unconscious. She regalated her senses within a few hours, however, but suffered from the effects of the sunstroke for a long time. Her father says she ate scarcely enough food to keep a cat alive. She is a strict vegetarian and has not tasted meat in nearly a year. Her relatives often wondered how she could exist upon the small amount of food she ate, and finally concluded that the enthusiasm of her religious work was all that kept her from collapsing.

#### ENGINEER M'DADY'S PLIGHT. Found in a Swamp After a Wild Flight from His Home.

John McDady, aged 32, an electrical engineer, was seized with acute mania yesterday after-noon, and, while only partly dressed, ran from his home at 20 Pellington place, in Brookiyn, on the outskirts of the Brownsville district. A searching party was formed soon after his searching party was formed soon after his family missed him, but nearly two hours elapsed before his discovery in the swampy meadows near the old mill landling.

His feet and head were bare, and nearly all the scanty clothing he wore had disappeared in his wanderings through the woods near East New York. He was taken to the Liberty avenue police station in a patrol wagon and alterward in an ambulance to St. Mary's Hospital. He will be sent to the Flatbush asylum this morning.

# THROWN FROM HIS BICYCLE.

to a Wheel Coming Of. Frederick Bristol, aged 50 years, of 496 West old street, took a bieyele trip through upper New York with his daughter yesterday. On Aqueduct avenue, near Washington Bridge, the nuts which held the front wheel in position nuts which held the front wheel in position slipped off. The wheel was wrenched out of the front fork as Mr. Bristol tried to turn, and he was thrown violently forward on his face. His daughter ran into the wrecked wheel and was thrown, but escaped injury. Mr. Bristol's nose was broken and his face cut and scratched. He was attended by Dr. J. R. Brandt, who was driving in the neighborhood, and returned to his home in a cab.

Miss Brewster Run Bown by a Bicyclist, While Kate Brewster, aged 18, of 21 Stagg street, Brooklyn, was crossing the Eastern Park way, near Franklin avenue, yesterday, she was way, hear fracains strength as war way, hear for and severely bruised on the face and body. She was attended by Dr. Smith, one of the Fire Department surgeons, and then taken to the home of her sister in Cedar and Sullivan streets. The scorcher disappeared without waiting to ascerTAMSEN SOLICITS PATRONAGE.

The Sheriff Advertises as Notary, Book seller, and Steumship Ticket Agent, "Was is los mit Tamsen? Is he of dot Sheriff pizness seeck, alretty?" These and similar inquiries are agitating the east side below Fourteenth street. They are heard more frequently in the Eleventh and Seventeenth wards, where householders have been inundated during the past week with postal cards announcing that Edward J. H. Tamsen is doing pusiness as notary public at the old stand in

Avenue A; that he will undertake to secure advertising for certain newspapers, send money or packages abroad, sell steamship tickets, settle estates, draw powers of attorney, sell books, or take subscriptions for his German circulating library. There was a man named E. J. H. Tamsen who used to do all those things in Avenue A for many years, but he was elected Sheriff in 1894.

He is to be put on trial in the Court of General Sessions to-day because certain prisoners placed in his charge escaped from Ludlow street jall on July 4 last, purchased "Schiffsscheine" from some steamship ticket, agent and went to Europe.

Recipients of Mr. Tamsen's postal card an

nouncements are of the opinion that he has tired of his job as Sheriff of the county of New York and is anxious to build up his old business The trial of Sheriff Tamsen for misdeeanor in allowing the Post Office burglars Allen, Killoran, and Russell, to escape from Ludlow street jail is on the calendar Judge Allison in the General Sessions to-day. The Sheriff is jointly indicted with former Warden Raabe and former Keepers Schoen and Schneer. Col. Fellows will conduct the case for the prosecution and Gen. B. F. Tracy is counsel for Tamsen. The Sheriff is indicted inder section 89 of the Penal Code, which makes it a misdemeanor for a public office by negligence to allow a prisoner to escape.

## HAS GOMEZ BEEN DEFEATED?

The Spaniards Say They Have Dealt the Death Blow to the Rebel Forces. HAVANA, Dec. 1 .- Details of the victories of Gens. Luque and Oliver on the 20th and subsequent days now are complete. Maximo Gomez and his army have utterly failed in their attempt to reach the villas.

His forces sustained great loss, his ranks were broken, and his men were dispersed. They abandoned their supplies and fled to the moun-

This most important victory is a death blow to the rebel forces. This news is official.

MADRID. Dec. 2.—The rebel leader Maces has passed Troncha. Serious fighting is said to have taken place between his band and government troops, but the result of the engagement

is not known. A despatch to the Imparcial from Santa Clara says that Captain-General Martinez Campos has not yet confirmed the sentence of imprisor ment for life in a military prison passed by a court martial upon Lieut. Feljoo, who sur rendered Fort Pelayo to the insurgents under Gomez. Sergeant Canovas, who was tried on the same charge, was acquitted. Gen. Valdes has defeated the insurgents in

the Villas and Camaguez districts. WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.-Mr. Depuy de Lome the Spanish Minister, received a cablegram this

the Spanish Minister, received a cablegram this afternoon which confirms the news printed in to-day's papers of the repulse of Maximo Gomez, leader of the insurgent forces in Cuba. The message is dated at Madrid, Spain, and reads:
"Maximo Gomez tried again to invade the province of Santa Ciara (Las Vilas) and has been checked by Gens. Luque and Oliver, who routed him on Nov. 20 and the following days with heavy losses. His ranks were totally broken and he was obliged to escape in disorder. His foilowers have taken refuge in the mountains of Camaguay."

Minister De Lome says the Government troops have cause to feel clated over this last victory, which will be far reaching in its effects.

The insurgents are now near Delicias, in the mountains of Camaguay, and have but little hope, he says, of getting together again for some time. Delicias is about sixty-five miles from Jiquimar, where the insurgents were first attacked on their march to Santa Clara.

The insurgents laid been quite a time in making their march to Jiquimar, which is a very short distance, but the way was extremely difficult, and travel was slow. On the way the military road of Trocha del Cesta had to be

ficult, and travel was slow. On the military road of Trocha del Cesta h This road is dotted along its line with a forest and brushwood, which make it almost impossi-ble to cross. Consequently, only a few insur-gents could pass through at a time and escape

SANTIAGO DE CURA, Nov. 24, vla Key West, Fla., Dec. 1.—Col. Rotger, with a Spanish column 1,000 strong, arrived at Guantanamo on the 19th inst., after being out on the warpath for four or five days. When the Spaniards arrived near Yateras they me the rebel leader Gil and his party, who attacked the van and rear guards of the Spaniards, firing for more than an hour and a half. The column answered the fire, but at last were obliged to retreat to Guantanamo. The Spaniards had ten killed and four wounded, and left several prisoners in the hands of the rebels. The insurgents had four killed and seven wounded.

The rebel Brigadier Rabi, one of the bravest leaders of the Cuban army, has been raised to the rank of Major-General as a reward for the many victories he has won in the present campaign.

Col. Segura of the Spanish army, who has been conducting war operations in Guantanamo, has been transferred to Las Vilas. It is rumored here that Gen. Martinez Campos removed him on account of the many complaints against him by the people of Guantanamo for cruelties that he committed there.

Fourteen of Col. Tejeda's guerrilla were hanged by Leader Rabi. These men were sent by Tejeda to join the robels in order to kill Rabi, but he received private information of their project, and they were sentenced to death. When questioned, after being sentenced, they confessed their intertion. SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Nov. 24, via Key West,

#### SAILORS OR CUBAN RECRUITS? The Steamer Horsa Ships Seven Unknown

Men at Cape May. CAPE MAY, Dec. 1 .- The Danish fruit steamer Horsa, Capt. Wiborg, appeared off shore before sunrise to-day and took on board seven un-known men, who had been in waiting on the ron pier. The men bore the appearance of

sailors; they arrived here on Saturday evening. sailors; they arrived here on Saturday evening. When the Horsa hove in sight this morning four small boats were lowered from her and rowed to the pier, returning to the vessel with the seven strangers. One man landed at the pier, It is alleged that he resembled Pilot Jeremiah L. Eldredge. At the boarding house where Eldredge usually puts up whon here it was admitted that he had been there, but the landlord denied that the pilot was then in the house. After shipping the strangers, the steamer departed southward.

The Horsa sailed from Philadelphia on Saturday night, having been released by Collector Read, after a hearing on the charges preferred by the Spanish Consul, accusing her crew of adding the Cuban insurgents.

#### WILL D. A. 49 SECEDET A Stormy Meeting to Discuss a Disruption

of the Knights. One of the most stormy meetings District As sembly 40 of the Knights of Labor has ever held took place yesterday at its headquarters, i Union square, General Master Sovereign and T. B. McGuire and C. B. French of the General Executive Board were present. of the General Executive isoard were present.

The meeting was behind closed doors, and late last night those who were present said that it would not be over until 3 o'clock this morning. It was called to hear reports from the detegates to the last General Assembly, but the real point discussed was whether D. A. 49 would become the nucleus of a new organization.

Many locals in D. A. 49, as well as in other districts, are dissatisfied with Sovereign's regime. régime.
Should D. A. 49 secede it will draw with it s number of other district and local assemblies including districts representing 10,000 miners in all, it is said that 30,000 Knights would split off from the old order.

The Goa Rebellion Suppressed. LISBON, Dec. 1.—A despatch from Goa, capital of the Portuguese possessions is India, says that the revolt there against the Government has been suppressed.

Marshall's Leader To-day. 50 Nanuel Garcia Puritanos (imp.) for \$5.90 at Mor-gan Marshall's store, 29 Cortlandt st. (cor. Church). BLUM NABBED FOR ARSON.

INDICTED HERE WITH THE ZUKER-SCHOENHOLE LOT IN JUNE.

Just Found in Boston-His House on Division Street Was Pired in January. 1892, with Zuker's House Adjoining It. Max Blum, 60 years old, who was indicted by the Grand Jury on June 6 for arson in the second degree, was arrested in Boston yesterday, and will be brought to this city to-day by De-

squad, who started for Boston last night. Blum, it is alleged, was one of the "merchants" in the gang of firebugs, of which Morris Schoenholz was the "mechanic." Schoen-holz has been convicted and sentenced to State prison for forty-eight years.

Max Blum resided with his family at 282

tective Sergeant McAuley of the Central Office

Division street. He owned a two-and-a-half-story dwelling at 264 Division street, where he was in business as a tailor. Isaac Zuker owned the adjoining dwelling at 266 Division street. On the night of Jan. 3, 1895, Zuker's and Blum's houses were fired. No arrests were made at the When Assistant District Attorney Vernon M.

New York firebugs, he traced the fire in Zuker's ouse to Morris Schoenholz, the "mechanic." Schoenholz had been arrested for setting fire to the tenement at 285 East Fourth street, which was turned off on the same night. He was indicted, tried, and convicted on the

Davis began the work of exterminating the

East Fourth street job. He was also indicted for the Division street fire, together with Blum, Zuker, and Abe Krone. Zuker was arrested and released on \$15,000 ball. Krone, who had

Zuker, and Abe Krone. Zuker was arrested and released on \$15,000 bail. Krone, who had been indicted for a fire at his Park row clothing store, was also arrested and released on bail.

When the detectives went to Hlum's residence they were told that Blum had gone to Europe. Later, a man named Blum, living in Salem street, Boston, met with an accident and was injured.

The detectives learned that this man was a brother of Max Blum, and believing that Max might go on to Boston, the police here notified the Boston authorities. Max Blum's arrest followed yesterday.

Assistant District Attorney Davis, in speaking of Blum's indictment, said last night:

"He was a member of the 'Shaky Six' gang, the others being Morris Schoenholz. Abe Krohne, Isaac Zuker, Mechanic Manhelm, and Old Man Isaacs, whose son Morris is serving a seven years' sentence in Sing Sing for arson.

"The gang, so far as we have learned, set the following fires: At 298 Avenue A. 1,436 Lexington avenue, 556 Tenth avenue, 266 and 264 Division street, 285 East Fourth street, 68 Canal street, and 69 Clinton street.

"On the night of Jan. 3 Schoenholz went to Zuker's house at 266 Division street, apilled kerosene oil over a quantity of rags, and then set a lighted candie on too of the pile. This was done close up to a thin partition that separated Blum's house from Zuker's.

"After the fire Zuker was caught making matters worse by demolishing things with an axe. He and Blum worked things together, and with Krone and Schoenholz were indicted on June 6. Zuker has also been jointly indicted with Krone for turning off Krone's clothing store in Park row, and he was also indicted for turning off his own brother's store at 507 Tenth avenue. Hum skipped while the Grand Jury was in session, and we heard no more of him until this evening, when his arrest was announced.

"He will not be put on trial until February, or probably March, as we have so many other cases. The case of Firebug Gordon, now on trial, will probably last three weeks longer.

"The others to be tri

and Max Gleichman of the Grauer gang, all of whom are in Jail.

"George W. Holt, the adjuster, is out on \$10,000 bail. Charles Levry and Koppel Friedlander are out on \$5,000 bail. Henry Cohen, a member of the Grauer gang, has gone away. Louis Grauer, son of Max. has also skipped.

"Of the two principal gangs, seven men have been convicted and are undergoing sentences, as follows: J. J. Kaiser, 7 years; Louis Rothman, 15 years; Sarah Silbermeister, 25 years; Max H. Grauer, 30 years; Morris Schoenholz, 48 years; Henry Gottlieb, 7 years, and Ida Silberman, 7 years."

#### DIDN'T PRAY FOR INGERSOLL. Christian Endeavorers in This State Did

Yesterday was the day designated for special prayers in behalf of Col. Robert G. Ingersoll by the Christian Endeavorers of the United States and Canada, in which it was announced would appear, however, that the spirit of the would appear, however, that the spirit of the movement for the conversion of Col. Ingersoli had not reached New York, for at the Salva-tion Army national headquarters on Four-teenth street there was nothing known re-garding it, and the Secretary of the Young Peo-ple's Society of Christian Endeavor of the State of New York and of this city told a re-porter that the Endeavorers here and through-out the State would not offer any such special prayer.

out the State would not offer any such special prayer.

"We shall not, as an association, pray for Mr. Ingersoll," he said, "aithough I do not know what some may do individually,"

KINOSTON, Ont., Dec. 1.—There was no public gathering at which Christian Endeavorers prayed to-day for the conversion of Col. Ingersoll. If they prayed at all it was in private.

The daily napers and various clergymen discouraged the suggestion. The Rev. J. J. Black, Chairman of the Canadian Congregational Union, deplored the action, saying that the circumstances would furnish Mr. Ingersoll with abother subject for a lecture and fresh sneers at the Christian religion.

# SCANDAL ON ELLIS ISLAND.

A Night Wutchman Discharged and Other to Go for Immorality. An Ellis Island official said last night that a night watchman on the island has been discharged for immorality, and that five more are

It appears that Anna Grimmer, who arrived here on the steamship H. H. Meier on Nov. 15

here on the steamship H. H. Meier on Nov. 15 with an architect with whom she had eloned from Bremen, was detained at the island, and that she began an intimacy there with several of the watchmen.

As a result of Commissioner Scaner's inquiry one man has already been discharged and the resignations of the other five have been called for It is said that other women and officials not engaged as watchmen, but in higher canacities are involved in the scandal. Miss Grimmer, after she had made certain affidavits, was deported, salling on the H. H. Meler on Wednesday last.

ISAAC E. WARDELL ADRIFT.

# An Insaue Man from Connecticut Found Wandering in Brooklyn.

An old and well-dressed man was found yes terday afternoon wandering almiessly in Myr-tle avenue, Brooklyn, apparently demented. A policeman took him to the Classon avenue A policeman took him to the Classof, avenue station, where it was found from papers in his pockets that he was Isaac E. Wardell of New Canaan, Conn., and that his daughter. Mrs. Elizabeth E. Hutler, lived in Greenville avenue, Danbury, Conn. It also appeared from the papers that he had recently been an inmate of the State asylum at Middletown, and it is thought he may have escaped from that institution. Information was sent to his relatives.

#### Is Coulin Not to Be Chief? One of the rumors which comes from Mulperry street is to the effect that Inspector Con-

lin, who has been acting Chief of Police ever since the retirement of Thomas Byrnes, may never be appointed with the full powers and salary of Chief. This rumor has it that Com-missioners Rossevelt, Grant, and Andrews are desirous of the appointment of some other man. Angelian Atten Taken to Believus Issan Angelina Allen, 30 years old, who lives with her sister, a Mrs. Clark. at 163 East Twenty-third

astreet, and who at one time caused a stir at As-bury Park, owing to her scanty bathing suit, was brought to Believue Hospital last night suffering from insanity. Mrs. Alfen posed as a living picture at one time, and it is said that she had recently become an artist's model. Sixty-two Tramps Hald a Wisconsta Town St. Paul, Dec. 1.—Sixty-two tramps raided the city of Cumberland, Wis., last night, demanding food and shelter, and threatening destruction to the town if refused. A posse was organized, and three of the ringleaders were locked in jail. They soon broke jail, and an-other chase followed. Several shots were ex-changed before the tramps were recaptured.

Perfect patterns and pure wool are found in Cow-perthwalf's reliable carpets. 104 West 14th st. - Adv

100 FREIGHT CARS DETAINED. New Law Requiring Hand Ratis Causes

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Dec. 1.-The United States law relating to eval rails or hand rails for the safety of train men on freight cars, which went into effect at 12 o'clock last night. resulted in stalling about 100 cars attached to the fast freight lines to the West. The cars. which are the property of the Baltimore and Ohlo Raliroad Company, were sidetracked at the junction of the Philadelphia and Reading

and Central Railroad of New Jersey. The new law imposes a penalty of \$5,000 or rallroads running cars without such hand rails. A large force of inspectors were stationed at the junction of the two roads at midnight, with instructions to detain all cars not fitted with the rails in the manner prescribed by law. A large force of workmen have been at work to-day fitting up the stalled cars. There is much delay because of a scarcity of rails, but it is now believed that the valuable freight will be moved before morning.

#### A PASSENGER TRAIN WRECKED. The Engineer and Fireman Killed-The En-

SYRACUSE, Dec. 1.-A Delaware, Lackawanna and Western passenger train was wrecked at Preble, near Cortland, to-night. The engineer and fireman, and perhaps others, were killed.

#### The entire train is on fire. A SPECTRAL INDIAN.

He Rises Behind a Bush and Points Pistol at David Streeter.

RIVER EDGE, Dec. 1 .- David Streeter. teamster, drove into this place yesterday with his team in a foam, and told a story that was corroborated by two boys in his company. He said that while driving along a stretch of woods said that while ariving along a stretch of woods between Maywood and Spring Valley he was startled by seeing at Indian rising above a clump of low bushes. The Indian was pointing a revolver at him. The apparition did not speak, but kept the weapon pointed at Streeter until he had passed the spot. Then it turned about and ran swiftly into the dense wood.

wood.

Streeter says that two women were a short distance behind him in a buggy. They saw the form behind the bushes, and, turning about, lashed their horse into a run. The apparition is described by the man and bovs as being in full Indian costume. It is believed to have been a member of the band of Indian medicine advertisers now showing in the neighboring towns, or some prankish young man of the community.

#### MARGARET MATHER AGAIN. The Actress Sald to Have Separated from

Her Husband for \$100,000. MILWAUKEE, Dec. 1 .- Mrs. Margaret Mather Pabst left for New York yesterday. An announcement was made that she is to be known hereafter simply as Margaret Mather.

Her departure has given rise to a rumor that the terms of settlement between herself and her husband have been agreed to, and that she has husband have been agreed to, and that she has gone to take up her residence in the East. She is said to have received \$100,000, Col. Gustav Pabst, her husband, has not been here since a few days after the horsewhipping escapade. He got a leave of absence from his duties as Quartermaster of the Fourth Regiment of Wisconsin National Guards for seven months. It was given out he had gone West. Since then it has been learned he has gone to South Dakota, where he will remain until he secures a legal residence, when it is said to be his intention to bring a divorce suit.

It is understood also that Mrs. Pabst will not fight the case.

# FIRE ON THE OLYMPIA.

Report that Some of the Cruiser's Coal SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1 .- The San Francisco Daily Report published yesterday a letter from s correspondent in Yokohama, dated Nov. 14, in which it is said that the United States cruiser Olympia had an exciting time on her outward

The correspondent says that while at the Hawaiian Islands she took on board about 1,200 tons of coal, which caught fire from spontaneous combustion soon after leaving Honoiulu. Four bunkers caught fire at once and the coal in them was on fire throughout the entire voyage. As the fames of the burning coal were overpowering it was impossible to work more than powering it was impossible to work more than a few men at a time. The men became exhausted and had to be kept at work by officers detailed for this special purpose. The fire was eventually got under control, but only by means of the most strenuous work on the part of both the officers and crew.

# A CHURCH ORGAN'S FROLIC.

Pipes, Bellows, and Stops Broke Loose

in a Wagnerian Uproar. RAHWAY, Dec. 1 .- Just after the communion service at St. Paul's Episcopal Church this morning, when the choir of twenty-five voices started to sing the "Gloria," and as organist II. S. Martin touched the keys of the great organ, there was a loud report that startled the rector, congregation, and choir. It was forte rescendo furioso, such music as was never heard erescende furbose, such music as was never heard before. All the organ pines, 1,500 in number, were in it, and the singers were not; both banks of keys sank, and flute and sub-cellar bass that jarred the edifice contributed to the theme, welrd in the extreme.

The bellows was surfeited evidently. Organist Martin pulled the lever that controlsathe motor that actuates the organ, but in valu; the singers stopped, and the peal was almost deafening. It took ten minutes to shut off the current and ston the organ's mad frolle.

rent and stop the organ's mad frolic.

# RUNAWAY IN SEVENTH AVENUE.

Mr. Jacobs's Horse Was Frightened by Horseless Carriage.

While John Jacobs, 60 years old, a retired broker, and his son Joseph, 26 years old, of 102 East Sixty-fourth street, were driving along Seventh avenue in a buggy yesterday afternoon. a horseless victoria going west frightened their a horseless victoria going west frightened their horse at 110th street. The animal became unmanageable and started off at a terrific pace.

At 114th street the biggy was overturned, and Mr. Jacobs and his son were thrown out. They were both badly bruised, and the elder Jacobs was severely burt by the shock. They were attended by a neighboring physician and were taken home in a coach.

The runaway horse was caught some distance away. The buggy was smashed to pieces. There were two women and a man in the horseless carriage, which kept on through 116th street.

# A BICYCLE RELAY RACE. Military Riders Reach Trenton 39 Minute Ahead of Schedule Time.

TRENTON, Dec. 1 .- The bicyclists in the military relay race from Washington to New York, with despatches from Gen. Ordway to Mayor Strong, reached the New Jersey end of the Delaware itiver bridge in South Trenton at 10:00 tonight, thirty-nine minutes ahead of schedule

Joseph De Silvers and George Frech made the run from Philadelphia to Trenton, but as they were called unexpectedly, they did not know what time they left Philadelphia. Prior and Tlerney, who made the run to New Brunswick, started at 10:07. They were accommanded by Lennie Clausen and Ronald Callowhil. of Tren-ton as pacemakers. ton as pacemakers. Two Men and Two Women Drowned. UNIONTOWN, Pa., Dec. 1 .- James McInford and his wife, John Pickup and Laura Stevenson of Wood's Run were drowned in the Mononga-

hela River at midnight last night. The skiff

# they were in got too close to the wesh of the steamer James G. Blaine as it was coming up the river near Brownsville, and they were upset and drowned. The bodies of the two men have been recovered, but the women are still at the bottom of the river.

DCLUTH, Dec. 1 .- Senator Hill while here ontracted a severe cold, which has compelled him to cancel sis remaining lecture engage-ments in the West. He left for the South this morning for the benefit of his health, and will return to Washington as soon as his temporary indisposition will permit.

"Admiral" is the Best Cigarette.

# SHOT AT BY TURKS.

# Three Shells Fired at a British Steamship.

## JUST MISSED THE CAPTAIN.

# He Was on the Bridge When the Missile Whizzed Past His Head.

The Steamer Loch Rannich Has a Warm Reception at the Entrance to the Dards nelles-Her Captain Thought War Must Have Broken Out While He Was at Sen The Sultan Declines to Receive an Amertean Admiral-Alleged Charges by Armenians Against American M's donartes -The European Concert Is Not Hanging Together-Graphic Bescription of

the Massacre and Pillage at Erzingen. LONDON, Dec. 1. - The Daily News publishes & despatch from Odessa giving an interview with Capt. Noble of the British steamer Loch Rannoch, from Leith, Nov. 1, for Odessa, which arrived a few days ago at Chanak, at the entranco of the Darde peller, a few minutes after sunnown.

Capt, Noble observed that the shore on either side of the straits was lined with troops under canvas, and that cannon were placed at close stages along the banks. Two blank shots, one from each shore, were fired at the Loca Runnoch.

The Captain did not heave his vessel to, thinking that the shots were part of some military

Soon three shells were fired at the steamer. The first shell dropped under the bow of the steamer, the second fell astern, and the third whizzed across the bridge a few feet from the Captain's head.

Capt. Noble instantly reversed the steamer's engines. He was astonished, and thought that war had been declared between England and Hitherto the Turkish authorities have always

allowed a time margin for vessels arriving in the straits after sundown. The head of the Dardanelles is covered with torpedoes. The Daily News publishes a dispatch from Constantinople saying that the Porte has documents, said to have been written by Armenians at Harput, declaring that the education given by the American missionaries has seduced their young men from rectitude and brought calamity upon them. The despatch

Armenians to sign papers declaring that the liberty enjoyed under Turkish rule is not equalled in any land.

The reporter of the United Press says that no progress has been made in the negotia-tions between the Ambassadors and the Porte relative to the admission into the Bosporus

adds that elsewhere the official force is starving

of a second guardship for each of the powers which signed the treaty of Berlin. The delay that has occurred over the settle-ment of this question leads to the belief that the oncert of the powers is not as perfect as is claimed, and that jealousies that have hitherto een latent are now actively working in a man-

ner that aids the Sultan in working one power It is held that if all the powers were agreed upon a definite course to be pursued the question of admitting the extra guardships would once by the lasue of hrm mitting their entry into the Bosporus, and that other vexatious diplomatic questions would be

speedily disposed of Recently a number of unknown men, presum ably police or Government officials, visited a number of houses occupied by Armenians and made notes of the number of persons in each, They refused to enter into any explanation of their action, and their proceedings have increased the anxiety felt by the Armenians and other Christians in the city.

It is feared that the taking of such a census is a preliminary to the wholesale driving out of the Armenians of Constantinople. It is possible that the authorities may meditate sending the Armenian residents, or at least those suspected of being concerned in revolutionary plots, to the various towns of Anatolia, where, should they be massacred by the Kurds, the blame for their killing could in some degree he shifted from the central Government and attributed to the lawlessness of the Kurds, which the Porte claims it is using every means at its

disposal to suppress. Guidjian, the Armenian who claims to be an American citizen, and who was recently sentenced at Aleppo to a long term of imprisonment on the charge of being an emissary of a revolutionary society, has been released. Minister Terrell has taken a most active interest in the case of Guidjian, and it was in response to his demands that the prisoner was set at liberty. Further advices received from Aintab confirm the previous reports that the American missionaries there are safe. These missionaries are Dr.

and Mrs. Americus Fuller, the Rev. Charles S., Sanders, Mrs. M. A. Trowbridge, Miss Ellen M. Pierce, and Miss Elizabeth M. Trowbridge. Considerable anxiety is felt regarding the safety of the missionaries at Cusarea, fifty-five miles northwest of Jerusalem, owing to a report that a fanatical Mussulman outbreak is immi-nent at that place. Minister Terrell has telegraphed to Cosarea making inquiries as to the safety of the Americans there, but up to the

time of sending this despatch no reply has been An official note says that a conflict was provoked at Zilea, in the Vilayet of Sivas, by the murder of a Mussulman by an Armentan. The Mussulmans attempted to revenge the death of their co-religionist, and in the fighting that ensued four Mussulmans and five Armenians were killed. The local authorities intervened and

restored order.

Another official despatch says that a number of Armenians attacked the town of Enderhin, and set fire to a Government building. Armsnians have pillaged the Mussulman villages around Pias. Troops have been sent to restore order. The United Press reporter at Constanting-

The United Press reporter at Constantinopie, telegraphing under yesterday's date, pictures a pitiable condition of affairs at Harput. There is great danger of hundreds of the poorer classes of Armenians starving to death. They are absolutely without lood and without the means of getting any. The American missionaries have sent thousands of dellars to relieve this distress, but the sums furnished by them have gone but a little way to ward off the famine which threatens. The money has been expended as advantageously as possible, but there are so many persons who are homeless, foodless, and helpiess that nothing but thovernment relief will save them from a great disaster.

The people are now in a condition of anathy, and many of them, it is believed, would welcome death at the hands of their enemies rather than to await the slow process of staryation. Some, however, who have a little money of their own, or who have been secretly assisted by comparatively well-to-do compatriots, are fleeling to small places in the interior, where they hope to better their miserable condition. They run the risk of being massacred en route, as the Government furnishes them not the elightest protection.

The Armenians who have fied to Constanti-nople, thinking that in the capital they would